GEORGIA BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES, INC.
REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

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ROBERT BAKER and ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Board of Directors Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc. Macon, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc., (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2014, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable in financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2014, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 28, 2015, on our consideration of Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulation, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over financial reporting and

compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in consideration of Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on compliance.

ROBERT BAKER and ASSOCIATES

TOBERT BAKEN AND ASSUMMES
Certified Public Accountants

Albany, Georgia April 28, 2015

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2014

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash in Bank Accounts Receivable	\$	206,946 113,117
Total Current Assets	\$	320,063
OTHER ASSETS		
Investments	\$	1,498,484
Marketable Securities		<u>784,851</u>
Total Other Assets	\$	<u>2,283,335</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	<u>2,603,398</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	26,082
Due to River Edge Behavioral Health Center		<u>96,027</u>
Total Current Liabilities	\$	122,109
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	122,109
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted	\$	<u>2,481,289</u>
Total Net Assets	\$	<u>2,481,289</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND		
NET ASSETS	\$	2,603,398
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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

OPERATING OR ANTELAND CONTRIDUCTIONS	<u>UN</u>	RESTRICTED
OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS Contracted Services Donations Investment Income (Loss) Other Fees	\$	10,990 519,852 1,472,482 19,309
TOTAL OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	\$	2,022,633
EXPENSES Program Services Support Services	\$	461,312 10,151
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	471,463
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	\$	1,551,170
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		930,119
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	<u>2,481,289</u>

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

	PROGRAM SERVICES			PORT <u>VICES</u>	
	PROGRAM <u>SERVICES</u>		GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE		TOTAL
Contracts	\$	81,631	\$	_	\$ 81,631
Donations		356,424			356,424
Insurance		· -		342	342
Other Operating Expenses		11,510		-	11,510
Professional Fees		11,329		2,500	13,829
Service Fees		-		7,309	7,309
Travel		418	_	-	<u>418</u>
Total Expenses	\$	461,312	\$	10,151	\$ <u>471,463</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Change in Net Assets (Increase)/Decease in Marketable Securities (Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase)/Decrease in Investments Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	\$ 1,551,170 (784,851) (106,478) (1,438,316) (<u>25,227</u>)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (<u>803,702</u>)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sale of Land, Buildings and Equipment	\$ <u>1,958,550</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	\$ <u>1,958,550</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Retirement of Notes Payable	\$ (<u>1,698,675</u>)
NET CASH USED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ (<u>1,698,675</u>)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	\$ (543,827)
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>750,773</u>
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>206,946</u>
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Interest Paid Income Tax Paid	\$ - \$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS

The purpose of the Corporation is to expand access and provide prevention and health care services to certain uninsured and underinsured of Central Georgia in such a way that benefits River Edge Behavioral Health Center either directly or indirectly.

PROMISES TO GIVE

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets.

The Organization uses the allowance method to determine uncollectible unconditional promises receivable. The allowance is based on prior years' experience and management's analysis of specific promises made.

CONTRIBUTED SERVICES

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the value of contributed services meeting the requirements for recognition in the financial statements was not material and has not been recorded.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

It is the Organization's policy to capitalize property and equipment over \$5,000. Lesser amounts are expensed. Purchased property and equipment is capitalized at cost. Donations of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value. Such donations are reported as unrestricted contributions unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted contributions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the Organization reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor. The Organization reclassifies temporarily restricted net assets to unrestricted net assets at that time. Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted net assets depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions.

INCOME TAXES

The Organization is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and classified by the Internal Revenue Service as other than a private foundation.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 2- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of December 31, 2014, are summarized as follows:

As reported in the Statement of Net Assets:

Cash deposited with financial institutions \$ 206,946

<u>Interest rate risk</u>. The Agency does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Custodial credit risk - deposits</u>. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Agency will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of November 30, 2014, the Agency did not have any balances exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB pronouncements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:

Related Parties	\$ 88,578
City of Macon	15,749
Donors	8,790
	\$ 113,117

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets for activity for the year ending December 31, 2014 was as follows:

	Decer	Balance nber 31, 2013	Increase		<u>Decrease</u>	De	Balance cember 31, 2014
Land	\$	161,329	\$ _	\$	161,329	\$	_
Equipment		18,553	-		18,553		-
Buildings		1,949,709			1,949,709		
C	\$	2,129,591	\$ -	\$	2,129,591	\$	-
Accumulated Depreciation	(<u>171,041</u>)	<u> </u>	((_171,041)		
Capital Assets (Net)	\$	1,958,550	\$ 	\$ _	1,958,550	\$	-

NOTE 5 - INVESTMENTS

Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc. recorded a loss of \$111,097 from their wholly-owned subsidiary First Neighborhood, LLC. First Neighborhood, LLC was established in 2010 to provide low-income housing in the Macon, Georgia area. At December 31, 2014, First Neighborhood, LLC had total assets of \$1.99 million and member's equity (deficit) of \$404,477.

Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc. recorded a surplus of \$190,650 from their wholly-owned subsidiary Affordable Business Solutions, LLC. Affordable Business Solutions, LLC was established in 2011 to provide supported employment services to clients of River Edge Behavioral Health Center. At December 31, 2014, Affordable Business Solutions, LLC had total assets of \$606,967 and member's equity of \$606,967.

Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc. recorded a surplus of \$1,358,764 from their wholly-owned subsidiary Third Neighborhood, LLC. Third Neighborhood, LLC was established in 2014 as a single asset entity to provide low income housing in the Macon, Georgia area. At December 31, 2014, Third Neighborhood, LLC had total assets of \$1,429,413 and member's equity of \$1,358,764.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 - MARKETABLE SECURITITES

The following table gives investment cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) by type of investments as of December 31, 2014:

			Fair Value Measurements Using:				
	Cos	t <u>Unrealized Gain</u>	s <u>Fair Value</u>				
Mutual Funds	\$ <u>762</u>	<u>21,921</u>	\$ 784,851				
Total	\$ <u>762</u>	.930 \$21,921	\$ <u>784,851</u>				

Investment expenses incurred totaled \$6,698 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

ASC 820-10-50, Fair Value Measurements, provides a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles. The framework applies to all financial instruments that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis.

As defined in ASC 820-10-50, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Organization uses various methods including market, income and cost approaches. Based on these approaches, the Organization often utilizes certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets or liability, including assumptions about risk and/or risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable inputs. The Organization utilized valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation techniques, the Organization is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1 Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in active markets, such as the New York Stock Exchange. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in less active dealer or broker markets. Valuations are obtained from third party pricing services, identical or similar assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Valuations for assets and liabilities that are derived from other valuation methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, and not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker-traded transactions. Level 3 valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining the fair value assigned to such assets and liabilities.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, the application of valuation techniques applied to similar assets and liabilities have been consistent. The fair value of investment securities is the market value based on quoted market prices, when available, or market prices provided by recognized broker-dealers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 - MARKETABLE SECURITITES - CONTINUED

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value circulation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's investment assets at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Mutual Funds	\$ 784,851	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 784,851
Total assets at fair value	\$ 784,851	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 784,851

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc. is indebted to River Edge Behavioral Health Center, a related party, in the amount of \$96,027.

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through April 28, 2015, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

OTHER REPORTS

ROBERT BAKER and ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To The Board of Directors Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc. City, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standard generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2014, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness on the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Georgia Behavioral Health Services, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in consideration of the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ROBERT BAKER and ASSOCIATES

Certified Public Accountants

Albany, Georgia April 28, 2015

GEORGIA BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES, INC. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Auditor Reference Number

-NONE-

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Auditor Reference Number

-NONE-